

Smart

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

# Diflufenican

## SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500 g/L DIFLUFENICAN

Group **F** Herbicide

For control of certain weeds in clover-based Pasture Field Peas, Lentils, Lupins and Oilseed Poppy as specified in the Directions for Use



**IMPORTANT:**  
READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USE

**Crop Smart**  
better crop protection

APVMA Approval No.: 67700/109597

Contents: 5L & 10L

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

### RESTRAINTS

DO NOT apply if crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

DO NOT apply to crops under stress due to pre-emergence herbicide, root disease, insect damage, nutrient deficiency, excessively moist or dry conditions or extremes of pH.

DO NOT apply to frost affected crops or if frosts are imminent.

DO NOT apply if heavy rain is expected within 4 hours.

Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Weed Stage	Rate	Critical Comments	
Clover-based Pasture Field Peas, Lentils, Lupins	Wild Radish ( <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i> )	WA only	Up to 2 leaf stage and not more than 60mm in diameter	100mL/ha	<p><b>CROP STAGE</b> Sow crop evenly to a depth of 20 to 50mm.</p> <p><b>CLOVER-BASED PASTURE:</b> Apply post-emergence, not before the 3 trifoliolate leaf stage. <b>Warning:</b> Some species and varieties of clover may be more sensitive than others. Refer to legume tolerance table in the General Instructions. DO NOT apply to medics or yellow serradella.</p> <p><b>FIELD PEAS:</b> Apply early post-emergence after the third node stage and before the start of flowering. <b>Warning:</b> Field peas grown on high pH soils in the presence of free lime may be less tolerant to Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide.</p> <p><b>LENTILS:</b> Apply early post-emergence after the third node stage of the crop. <b>Warning:</b> Some lentil varieties may be more sensitive than others. DO NOT apply to Northfield variety. Avoid spray overlap.</p> <p><b>LUPINS:</b> <b>Post-emergence of Crop:</b> Apply post-emergence from the 2 leaf to the 6 leaf stage of crop (40 to 100mm high). <b>Post-sowing, Pre-emergence of Crop (Not WA):</b> Apply in a tank mix with the recommended rate of post-sowing pre-emergence treatment of simazine. (Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide should NOT be incorporated).</p> <p><b>APPLICATION AND WEED CONTROL:</b> Apply when weeds are actively growing. For optimum results apply 4 to 6 weeks post-sowing. Application beyond 8 week post-sowing may result in reduced levels of weed control. In most situations the rate specified for each weed size will give satisfactory control.</p>	
			Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120mm in diameter	150mL/ha		
			Up to 6 leaf stage and not more than 180mm in diameter	200mL/ha		
	Hedge Mustard ( <i>Sisymbrium officinale</i> ) Indian Hedge Mustard ( <i>Sisymbrium orientale</i> ) Wild Turnip ( <i>Brassica tournefortii</i> )	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only	WA only	Up to 2 leaf stage and not more than 60mm in diameter		100mL/ha
				Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120mm in diameter		150mL/ha
		SA, WA only	Up to 6 leaf stage and not more than 180mm in diameter	200mL/ha		
	Turnip Weed ( <i>Rapistrum rugosum</i> )	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only	Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120mm in diameter		
	Charlock (Wild Mustard) ( <i>Sinapis arvensis</i> ) Deadnettle ( <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> )					
Prickly Lettuce ( <i>Lactuca serriola</i> )			Up to 2 leaf stage and not more than 60mm in diameter			
Pheasants Eye ( <i>Adonis microcarpa</i> )	SA only					
<b>Suppression of the Following Weeds</b>						

Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Weed Stage	Rate	Critical Comments
Clover-Based Pasture, Field Peas, Lentils, Lupins	Capeweed ( <i>Arctotheca calendula</i> ), Crassula ( <i>Crassula spp.</i> ), Corn Gromwell ( <i>Buglossoides arvensis</i> ), Marshmallow ( <i>Malva parviflora</i> ), Shepherd's Purse ( <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> )	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120mm in diameter	200mL/ha	<p>Under certain conditions such as;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>High crop and weed density</li> <li>Last seasons germinations</li> <li>Abnormal weed growth (including early flowering)</li> </ul> <p>Higher rates of product (up to the maximum rate of application specified for that weed) may be required.</p> <p>Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide will NOT effectively control:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Regrowth of suppressed weeds</li> <li>Transplanted weeds</li> <li>Regrowth from rhizomes or roots</li> <li>Weeds growing under stress from previous herbicide applications</li> </ul> <p>The level of effective residual control may be reduced where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Rates lower than 200mL/ha are used</li> <li>Dry conditions prevail</li> <li>Poor coverage of the soil surface is achieved</li> <li>Crop is planted in non-wetting sand</li> <li>Soils have a high content of clay or organic matter</li> </ul> <p>Where weeds are present at application, good spray coverage of the weeds is important. Apply before the crop canopy obscures weeds. Weed control may be reduced in areas where trash is dense or burnt straw from previous harvest is dense, such as in header trails. Best results will be obtained if good soil moisture exists at and after application.</p>
	Chickweed ( <i>Stellaria media</i> ), Hyssop Loosestrife ( <i>Lythrum hyssopifolia</i> ), Mouse-eared Chickweed ( <i>Cerastium glomeratum</i> ), Night-scented Stock ( <i>Matthiola longipetala</i> ), Skeleton Weed ( <i>Chondrilla juncea</i> ), Speedwell ( <i>Veronica hederifolia</i> )	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only			
	Amsinckia ( <i>Amsinckia spp.</i> ), Wireweed ( <i>Polygonum aviculare</i> )	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only	Up to 2 leaf stage and not more than 60mm in diameter		
	Paterson's Curse (Salvation Jane) ( <i>Echium plantagineum</i> ) Rough Poppy ( <i>Papaver hybridum</i> )	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA only			
	Sorrel ( <i>Rumex acetosella</i> ), Toad Rush ( <i>Juncus bufonius</i> )	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only			
	Stinging Nettle ( <i>Urtica urens</i> )	NSW, ACT only	Cotyledon stage		
Oilseed Poppy	Charlock ( <i>Sinapis arvensis</i> ), Hedge Mustard ( <i>Sisymbrium officinale</i> ), Indian Hedge Mustard ( <i>Sisymbrium orientale</i> ), Wild Radish ( <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i> ), Wild Turnip ( <i>Brassica tournefortii</i> )	Tas only	Early post-emergence up to the 4 leaf stage and not more than 120mm in diameter	150mL/ha (4-6 leaf crop stage) and/or 200mL/ha (6-10 leaf crop stage)	<p><b>CROP STAGE</b></p> <p>Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide may be mixed with diquat or asulam based on recommendations from poppy contracting companies. DO NOT use in mixtures with Tramat.</p> <p><b>APPLICATION AND WEED CONTROL</b></p> <p>See comments on Clover-based Pasture Field Peas, Lentils and Lupins.</p>

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION**

**WITHHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

For use as an early post-emergence spray in clover-based pasture, field peas, lentils and lupins. Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide may also be used as a pre-emergence spray on lupins in NSW, ACT, Vic, SA and Tas. This product provides both contact and residual activity. Residual activity can be expected for up to 8 weeks after application under favourable growing conditions.

This product is taken up by the shoots of germinating seeds and seedlings. Susceptible weeds germinate but show immediate chlorosis followed by a mauve-pink discolouration. The chlorosis spreads with the aerial growth and the plants become necrotic and die back.

After application, some transient crop discolouration may occur. In lentils and lupins, this usually appears as yellow or white banding on the leaves, while in clover and field peas, white/pink colouration of the leaf veins and tips may occur. Some crop height reduction may also occur.

Provided the crop is not under stress from pre-emergent herbicide, disease, insect damage, nutrient deficiency, frost, extremes of pH, dry or excessively moist conditions, the development of the crop and all subsequent growth will not be affected.

Some pre-emergence herbicides, such as atrazine, can cause stress to certain crops resulting in an increase in crop damage when using this product. Field peas are particularly sensitive.

**CLOVER TOLERANCE TABLE**

The following varieties of subterranean clover have been tested for effects on seed yield: Seaton Park, Trikkala and Woogenellup. Some reduction in seed yield may occur with cv. Trikkala.

Variety	Effect on Vegetative Growth
Arrowleaf (Zulu)	Moderate
Balansa (Paradana)	Moderate
Persian (Kyambro)	Minimal
Strawberry (Palestine)	Moderate
Subterranean (Clare)	Moderate
Subterranean (Junea)	Moderate
Subterranean (Karridale)	Moderate
Subterranean (Larissa)	Moderate
Subterranean (Mt Barker)	Moderate
Subterranean (Seaton Park)	Minimal
Subterranean (Trikkala)	Minimal
Subterranean (Woogenellup)	Moderate
White (Haifa)	Moderate
Reduction in growth – Minimal (0-20%), Moderate (20-50%)	

Subsequent Crop Tolerance: To reduce the effect on subsequent susceptible crops (eg. canola), ensure thorough cultivation of soil prior to the sowing of these crops.

**Mixing**

Stir product or invert container several times before use as settling may occur after storage for some weeks. To ensure even mixing, half fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of product. Agitate thoroughly then add the remainder of the water. Agitate thoroughly while carrying out spray operations. Reseal part-used container immediately after use.

**Application**

Ground: A minimum water rate of 50L/ha should be used, however, for optimum results water rates of 70-100L/ha are recommended. Increase the water volume where weed infestation is heavy or the crop cover is dense. Complete

coverage of weeds is essential. Higher water volumes (up to 100L/ha) will ensure improved activity of the product on the weeds but may increase the symptoms of crop damage.

The following settings are examples that will ensure excellent coverage of exposed weeds:

Water Rate	50 L/ha	75 L/ha	75 L/ha
<b>Nozzle</b>	Hardi No. 10 or equivalent	Hardi No. 12 or equivalent	Hardi No. 14 or equivalent
<b>Speed</b>	10 KpH	10 KpH	12 KpH
<b>Pressure</b>	240 KpA (2.4 bar)	220 KpA (2.2 bar)	210 KpA (2.1 bar)

## COMPATIBILITY

Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide is physically compatible with most currently registered grass herbicides as two-way tank mixtures.

Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide	Compatible Products
Up to 150mL	Simazine (500g/L product) up to 1.0 L/ha
All rates	<b>Insecticides:</b> deltamethrin, dimethoate formulations, alpha-cypermethrin, lambda-cyhalothrin, omethoate and bifenthrin. <b>Herbicides:</b> metribuzin and haloxyfop.

**Warning:** For tank-mixtures with grass herbicides, use the recommended rates for both herbicides as well as the surfactant recommendations of the grass herbicide. Read the label for the grass herbicide before mixing and using the tank mixtures. DO NOT use crop oils with Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide or Smart Diflufenican 500 SC 500SC/grass herbicide tank mixtures. Applications to lupins and field peas under stressed conditions may cause significant damage to the crop. Tank-mixes with simazine should be applied post-emergence to lupins crops only. Increased crop effects may be experienced with the tank mix. DO NOT apply tank-mixtures to clover. When tank-mixing Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide and haloxyfop products, use a surfactant only. Mixtures of Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide and haloxyfop products applied to lupins or field peas can cause damage that may result in yield losses. Consult your local Crop Smart Pty Ltd representative or the relevant grass herbicide manufacturer for advice on application and timing of tank-mixtures.

As formulations of other manufacturers' products are beyond the control of Crop Smart Pty Ltd, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

## RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP	<b>F</b>	HERBICIDE
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Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide is a member of the Nicotinanalide group of herbicides and acts by inhibiting carotenoid biosynthesis. For weed resistance management Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide is a group F herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide and other Nicotinanalides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide or other Nicotinanalide herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Crop Smart Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Smart Diflufenican 500 SC Selective Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

## PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers. DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping land or pastures.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**Keep out of reach of children.**

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

#### **SAFETY DIRECTIONS**

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wash hands after use.

#### **FIRST AID**

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Telephone Australia 13 11 26.

#### **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet that can be obtained from the supplier.

#### **NOTICE TO BUYERS**

Crop Smart Pty Ltd ('Crop Smart') shall not be liable for any loss, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence, use under abnormal conditions or otherwise in connection with the sale, supply, use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Crop Smart's skill or judgment in purchasing or using the product and every person dealing with this product does so at their own risk.